

GaAs MMIC Limiter Chip, 5-6GHz

Performance characteristics

• range : 5-6 GHz

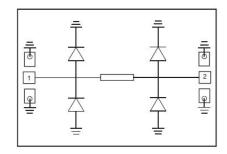
Insertion loss: 0.7 dB (Tpy.)Clipping level: 17.5dBm

• Power consumption: 200W (Pulse)

500hm input / output100% on-wafer testing

Chip size: 2.27 x 2.77 x 0.1mm

Functional Block Diagram



Product Introduction

GLM-0506B is a GaAs MMIC limiter with a frequency range of $5\sim6 GHz$, 50Ω input/output, 0.7dB within the operating frequency band, 1.3 input and output standing wave, and 200W burnout resistance (Pulse, 3ms pulse width, 30% duty cycle). The chip has no DC blocking capacitor at the input and a DC blocking capacitor at the output. The chip uses on-chip through-hole metallization technology to ensure good grounding, no additional grounding measures are required, and it is simple and convenient to use. The back of the chip is metallized and is suitable for eutectic sintering or conductive adhesive bonding.

Use restriction parameter ¹		
Maximum input power	200W (Pulse, 3ms pulse width, 30% duty cycle)	
Operating temperature	-55 ~ + 125 °C	
Gtorage temperature	-65 ~ +150°C	

[1] Exceeding any of these maximum limits may cause permanent damage.

Electrical performance parameters (TA = +25°C)					
Index	Minimum	Typical Value	Maximum	Unit	
Frequency Range		5-6		GHz	
Insertion loss	-	0.7	-	dB	
Input return loss	-	19	-	dB	
Output return loss	-	20		dB	
Clipping level	-	17.5	-	dBm	
Anti-burning power (Pulse, 3ms pulse width, 30% duty cycle)*		53		dBm	

^{*}Continuous input 53dBm (Pulse, 3ms pulse width, 30% duty cycle) for 2 minutes.

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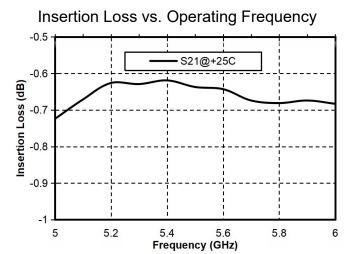
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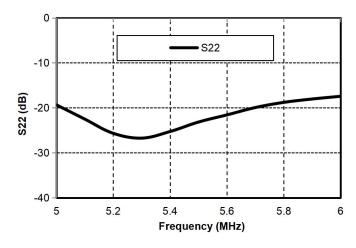


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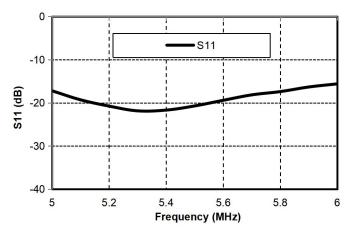
Main index test curve



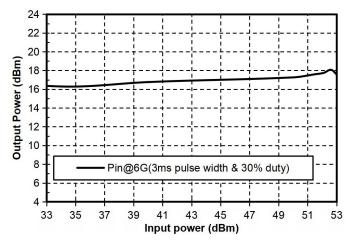
Output Standing Wave vs. Operating Frequency



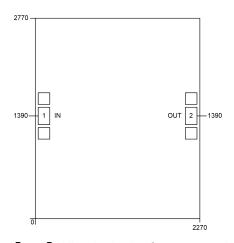
Input Standing Wave vs. Operating Frequency



Limiting level@6G (Pulse, 3ms pulse width, 30% duty cycle)



Appearance structure ²

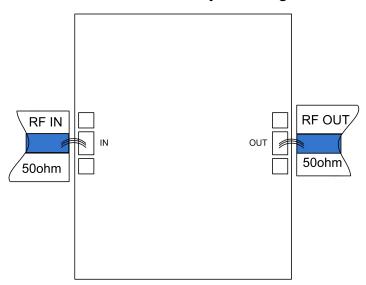


[2] All units in the figure are micrometers



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Recommended assembly drawing



It is recommended to use three gold wires for input and output bonding.

Bonding point definition			
Bonding point	Function	Functional Description	
number	Symbol		
1	RF IN	RF signal input terminal , no DC blocking capacitor	
2	RF OUT	RF signal output terminal , with integrated DC blocking capacitor	
Chip bottom	GND	The bottom of the chip needs to be well grounded to RF and DC	

Precautions for use

- The chip needs to be stored in an anti-static container and kept in a nitrogen environment.
- bare die surface using wet chemical methods .
- Please strictly comply with ESD protection requirements to avoid electrostatic damage to bare chips.
- General operation: Please use precision pointed tweezers to pick up bare chips. Avoid touching the chip surface with tools or fingers during operation.
- Rack mounting operation suggestions: Bare chip mounting can be done by AuSn solder eutectic sintering or conductive adhesive bonding. The mounting surface must be clean and flat.
- Sintering process: It is recommended to use AuSn solder sheets with a gold -tin ratio of 80/20. The working surface temperature reaches 255 °C and the tool (vacuum chuck) temperature reaches 265 °C. When the high-temperature mixed gas (nitrogen-hydrogen ratio of 90/10) is blown to the chip, the temperature at the top of the tool should be raised to 290 °C. Do not let the chip exceed 320 °C for more than 20 seconds. The friction time should not exceed 3 seconds.
- Bonding process: The amount of conductive glue dispensed should be as small as possible. After the chip is placed in the installation position, the conductive glue should be vaguely visible around

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GLM-0506B

- it . For curing conditions, please follow the information provided by the conductive glue manufacturer.
- Bonding operation suggestions: Use Φ0.025mm (1mil) gold wire for both ball and wedge bonding. Thermo-ultrasonic bonding temperature is 150 °C. The pressure of the wedge for ball bonding is 40~50gf, and the pressure of the wedge bonding is 18~22gf. Use the smallest possible ultrasonic energy. The bonding starts at the pressure point on the chip and ends at the package (or substrate).

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