

GaAs MMIC Limiter Chip, 2-18GHz

Performance characteristics

• range : 2-18 GHz

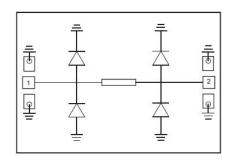
Insertion loss: 0.4 dB (Tpy.)Clipping level: 19.5dBm

Power handling: 10W full band (CW)

500hm input / output100% on-wafer testing

• Chip size: 2.27 x 0.94 x 0.1mm

Functional Block Diagram



Product Introduction

GLM-0218A is a GaAs MMIC limiter with a frequency range of $2\sim18 GHz$, 50Ω input/output, 0.4dB within the operating frequency band, 1.3 input and output standing waves, and 10W (CW) full-band anti-burnout power. The chip is small in size, and has DC blocking capacitors at both the input and output ends of the chip. The chip uses on-chip through-hole metallization technology to ensure good grounding, does not require additional grounding measures, and is simple and convenient to use. The back of the chip is metallized, which is suitable for eutectic sintering or conductive adhesive bonding processes.

Use restriction parameter ¹		
Maximum input power	10W(CW)	
Operating temperature	-55 ~ + 125 °C	
Storage temperature	-65 ~ +150°C	

[1] Exceeding any of these maximum limits may cause permanent damage.

Electrical performance parameters (TA = +25°C)					
Index	Minimum	Typical Value	Maximum	Unit	
Frequency Range	2-18			GHz	
Insertion loss	-	0.4	-	dB	
Input return loss	-	18	-	dB	
Output return loss	-	19		dB	
Clipping level	-	19.5	-	dBm	
Burnout resistance (CW)*		40		dBm	

^{*}Continuous input 40dBm (CW) for 2 minutes.

Add: 101 cecil street #14-10, tong eng building singapore 069533 Email: info@standardcircuit.com

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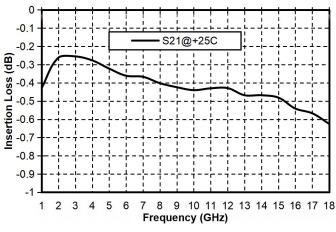
^{**}This limiter can only be used with Core Valley's low noise amplifier.



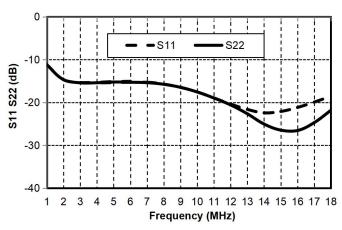
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Main index test curve

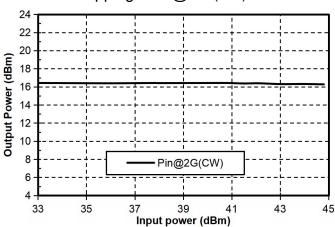
Insertion Loss vs. Operating Frequency



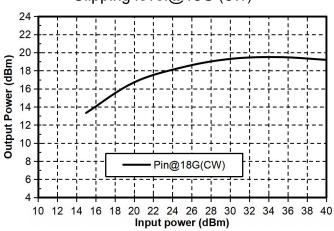
Input/Output Standing Wave vs. Operating Frequency



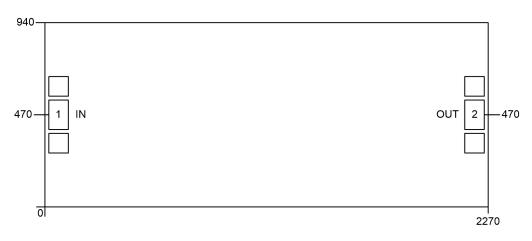
Clipping level@2G (CW)



Clipping level@18G (CW)



Appearance structure 2



[2] All units in the figure are micrometers



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Recommended assembly drawing



It is recommended to use three gold wires for input and output bonding.

Bonding point definition			
Bonding point	Function	Functional Description	
number	Symbol		
1	RF IN	RF signal input terminal , with integrated DC blocking capacitor	
2	RF OUT	RF signal output terminal , with integrated DC blocking capacitor	
Chip bottom	GND	The bottom of the chip needs to be well grounded to RF and DC	

Precautions for use

- The chip needs to be stored in an anti-static container and kept in a nitrogen environment.
- bare die surface using wet chemical methods .
- Please strictly comply with ESD protection requirements to avoid electrostatic damage to bare chips.
- General operation: Please use precision pointed tweezers to pick up bare chips. Avoid touching the chip surface with tools or fingers during operation.
- Rack mounting operation suggestions: Bare chip mounting can be done by AuSn solder eutectic sintering or conductive adhesive bonding. The mounting surface must be clean and flat.
- Sintering process: It is recommended to use AuSn solder sheets with a gold -tin ratio of 80/20. The working surface temperature reaches 255 °C and the tool (vacuum chuck) temperature reaches 265 °C. When the high-temperature mixed gas (nitrogen-hydrogen ratio of 90/10) is blown to the chip, the temperature at the top of the tool should be raised to 290 °C. Do not let the chip exceed 320 °C for more than 20 seconds. The friction time should not exceed 3 seconds.
- Bonding process: The amount of conductive glue dispensed should be as small as possible. After
 the chip is placed in the installation position, the conductive glue should be vaguely visible around
 it. For curing conditions, please follow the information provided by the conductive glue
 manufacturer.
- Bonding operation suggestions: Use Φ0.025mm (1mil) gold wire for both ball and wedge bonding.
 Thermo-ultrasonic bonding temperature is 150 °C. The pressure of the wedge for ball bonding is

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GLM-0218A

40~50gf, and the pressure of the wedge bonding is 18~22gf. Use the smallest possible ultrasonic energy. The bonding starts at the pressure point on the chip and ends at the package (or substrate) .

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