

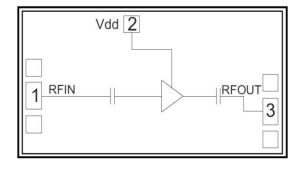
GLA-0812D/GLA0812DM

GaAs MMIC Low Noise Amplifier Chip, 8-12GHz

Performance characteristics

- Frequency range: 8-12GHz
- Small signal gain: 29dB(Positive slope)
- Noise figure: 1.0dB max.
- P-1dB: 3dBm
- Power supply:+5V/10mA
- Input/Output: 500hm
- 100% on-chip testing
- Chip size: 2.25 x 0.95 x 0.09mm

Functional Block Diagram



Product Introduction

GLA-0812D/GLA-0812DM are two types of broadband low-noise amplifier chips, GLA-0812DM is a mirrored version, with a frequency range of 8GHz~12GHz, a small signal gain of 29dB, and an in band noise figure of 1dB.

GLA-0812D adopts a+5V single power supply with a current of 10mA, suitable for multi-channel and low-power demand systems.

Use restriction parameters ¹				
Maximum leakage voltage	+7V			
Maximum input power	+20dBm			
Working temperature	-55 ~ +85°C			
Storage temperature	-65 ~ +150°C			

[1] Exceeding any of the above maximum limits may result in permanent damage.

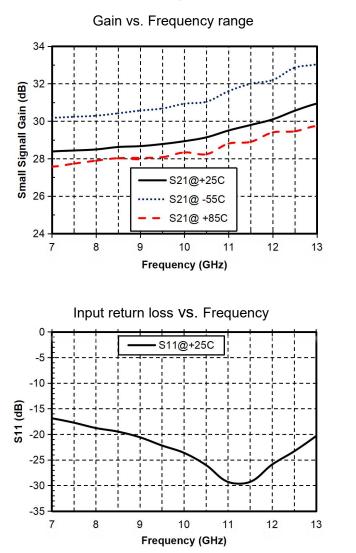
Electrical performance parameters						
$(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, Vd1 = +3.3V, Vd2 = +5V, Power on with either option)$						
Index	Minimum value	Typical value	Maximum value	Unit		
Frequency range	8-12			GHz		
Small signal gain	-	29	-	dB		
Gain flatness		±1.0		dB		
Noise figure	-	-	1.0	dB		
P-1dB	2	3	5	dBm		
P-3dB	3	5	7	dBm		
Input return loss	18	25	-	dB		
Output return Loss	15	15	-	dB		
Static current		10		mA		

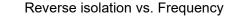


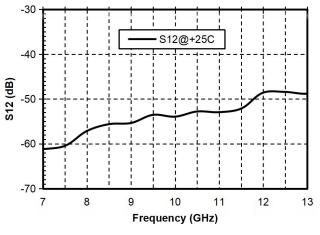
GLA-0812D/GLA0812DM

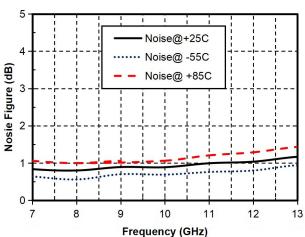
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Main indicator testing curve

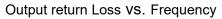


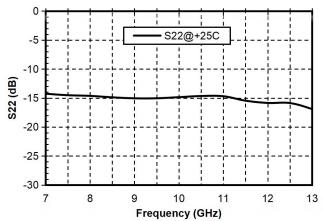




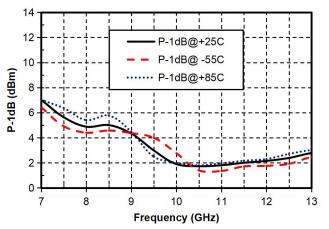


Noise Figure VS. Frequency







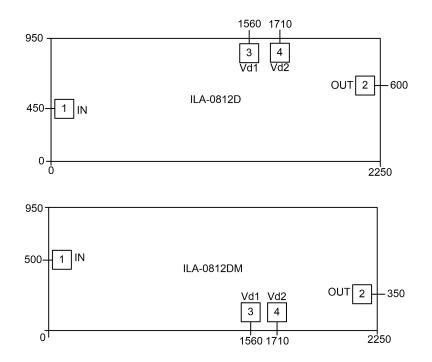


Add: 101 cecil street #14-10, tong eng building singapore 069533 Email: info@standardcircuit.com



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External structure²



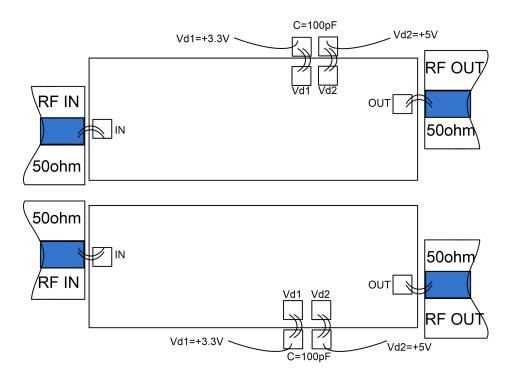
[2] The units in the figure are all millimeters.

Definition of bonding pressure point					
Bond point number	Functional symbols	Function Description	Equivalent circuit		
1	RFIN	RF signal input terminal, no need for DC capacitors.			
2	RFOUT	RF signal output terminal, no need for DC isolation capacitor.			
3、4	VD1、VD2	Amplifier drain bias, requires an external 100pF bypass capacitor.	↓ Vdd		
Chip bottom	GND	The bottom of the chip needs to be well grounded with RF and DC.			



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Recommended assembly diagram



(Vd1=+3.3V, Vd2=+5V, Power on with either option)

Notice

- The chip needs to be stored in a container with anti-static function and stored in a nitrogen environment.
- Attempting to clean the surface of bare chips using wet chemical methods is prohibited.
- Please strictly comply with ESD protection requirements to avoid static damage to bare chips.
- Routine operation: Please use precision pointed tweezers to remove the bare chip. During the operation, avoid tools or fingers touching the surface of the chip.
- Suggestion for mounting operation: Bare chip installation can use AuSn solder eutectic sintering or conductive adhesive bonding process. The installation surface must be clean and flat.
- Sintering process: It is recommended to use AuSn solder sheets with a gold tin ratio of 80/20. The working surface temperature reached 255 °C, and the tool (vacuum chuck) temperature reached 265 °C. When a high-temperature mixed gas (nitrogen to hydrogen ratio of 90/10) is blown onto the chip, the temperature at the top of the tool should be raised to 290 °C. Do not let the chip stay above 320 °C for more than 20 seconds. The friction time should not exceed 3 seconds.
- Bonding process: The amount of conductive adhesive applied should be as small as possible.
 After placing the chip in the installation position, the conductive adhesive can be vaguely visible around it. Please follow the information provided by the conductive adhesive manufacturer for



curing conditions.

Suggestion for bonding operation: Both spherical or wedge-shaped bonding should be used Φ 0.025mm (1mil) gold wire. Thermal ultrasonic bonding temperature is 150 °C. The pressure of the spherical bonding cutter is 40-50GF, and the pressure of the wedge bonding cutter is 18-22GF. Use as little ultrasonic energy as possible. The bonding process starts at the pressing point on the chip and ends at the packaging (or substrate).